

KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech (Food.Engg) 2012 Admission
IInd Semester Final Examination- July -2013

Cat. No: Basc.1205

Marks: 80

Title: Engineering Mathematics II (3+0)

Time: 3 hours

Part A

1.

a) Fill up the blanks for the following

1. If a +ve term series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$ is convergent then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} u_n = \dots\dots\dots$

2. The harmonic series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p}$ converges for $p > 1$ and diverges for $\dots\dots\dots$

3. $\frac{1}{f(D)} e^{ax} = \dots\dots\dots$ when $f(a) \neq 0$

b) 4. Write down one dimensional heat equation

c) Match the following

A

B

5. Rodrigue's formula

1) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \sin x$

6. Exact differential equation

2) $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$

7. $J_{1/2}(x)$

3) $Mdx + Ndy = 0$

8. Two dimensional Laplace's equation

4) $P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n$

d) Write True or False for the following

9. An equation of the form $A \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2B \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + C \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y, u_x, u_y)$ is said to be hyperbolic if $AC - B^2 < 0$

10. $z = ax + by + f(a, b)$ is the complete solution of equations of the form $z = px + qy + f(p, q)$

[10 x 1 = 10 Marks]

[P.T.O]

PART B

(Answer any *Ten* questions, each carries 3 marks)

II)

1. Discuss the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right)$
2. Explain D' Alembert's ratio - test for convergence.
3. Explain the absolute convergence of a series.
4. Test the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$
5. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = \sin 3x$
6. Solve $x^2y dx - (x^2 + y^2)dy = 0$
7. Show that the Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ is elliptic.
8. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = y$ by power series method
9. Show that $(a^2 - 2xy - y^2)dx - (x + y)^2 dy = 0$ is exact.
10. Solve the Langrange's linear equation $y^2zp + x^2zq = xy^2$
11. Solve $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$
12. If $u = 3x^2y + 2x^2 - y^2 - 2y^2$, show that $\frac{\partial^2u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2u}{\partial y^2} = 0$

[10 x 3 = 30 Marks]

PART C

(Answer any *Six* questions, each carries 5 marks)

III)

1. Test for convergence or divergence the series $\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{2.3.4} + \frac{1}{3.4.5} + \dots$
2. Test the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n-1}}{n^2}$
3. Test the convergence of the series $\left(\frac{2^2}{1^2} - \frac{2}{1}\right)^{-1} + \left(\frac{3^2}{2^2} - \frac{3}{2}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{4^2}{3^2} - \frac{4}{3}\right)^{-4} + \dots$
4. Solve $\sec^2x \tan y dx + \sec^2y \tan x dy = 0$

5. Solve by the method of variation of parameters $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = 4 \tan 2x$
6. Find the series solution in powers of x for the differential equation $y'' + xy = 0$
7. Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = e^{-4x} + 5 \cos 3x$
8. Solve $2z + p^2 + q^2 + 2v^2 = 0$ using Charpit's method.

[6 x 5 = 30 Marks]

PART D

(Answer any One questions, each carries 10 marks)

1. Solve the Legendre's equation $(1 - x^2)y'' - 2xy' + n(n + 1)y = 0$
2. Derive one dimensional wave equation and find its general solution.

[1 x 10 = 10 Marks]