

## KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY B.Tech.(Food Technology) 2020 Admission III Semester Final Examination – March 2022

Pafe.2111

**Processing Technology of Cereals (2+1)** 

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hours

(5x2=10)

I	State True or False	(10x1=10)

- 1. Traditional dry milling is a non-degerming process in which whole corn kernel is grounded into flour without removing the germ.
- 2. Extrusion can save 19 per cent raw material, 14 per cent labour and 44 per cent capital investment.
- 3. Wheat gluten is soy-free.
- 4. Steeping is the final step in the process, conditions the grain for subsequent milling and recovery of corn constituents.
- 5. The popular way of extracting bran oil is by solvent extraction method using 'Hexane'. Fill in the blanks

- 8. The enzyme present in rice bran is ..........
- 10. Temperature at which cold extrusion takes place is ......

## II Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following

- 1. Describe the main advantages of parboiling in paddy.
- 2. Explain the principle of compartment type paddy separator.
- 3. Write a short note on the wet heat treatment for stabilization of rice bran for oil extraction.
- 4. Explain coefficient of friction and angle of repose.
- 5. Explain flour improvers and farinograph.
- 6. Recall different types of wheat.
- 7. Factors affecting the effectiveness of roller mills in cereal grinding

## III Answer ANY FIVE of the following (5x4=20)

- 1. Recall the structure of paddy with neat and labelled diagram.
- 2. Write about starch extraction and gluten separation. What is modified starch?
- 3. Explain the thermal properties of cereal grains.
- 4. What is the principle behind under runner disc huller?
- 5. Draw the flowchart for making of puffed rice.
- 6. Explain the chemical composition of cereals in general.
- 7. Discuss briefly on the wheat flour milling.

## IV Write an essay on ANY ONE of the following (1x10=10)

- 1. Uses of bran, bran oil and defatted bran
- 2. Various processed cereal products

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