

KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech (Agrl.Engg.) 2016 Admission
1st Semester Final Examination-February-2017

Cat. No: Sacs.1101.

Title: Engineering Mathematics I (2+1)

Marks: 50.00

Time: 2 hours

I Fill up the blanks/Answer the following

(10x1=10)

1. If $z = \cos(2x + 3y^2)$ find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$
2. Necessary and sufficient condition for the differential equation $Mdx + Ndy = 0$ to be exact is
3. $\int_1^2 \int_0^1 12xy \, dx dy$ is
4. Complementary function of $(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = 0$ is
5. The total derivative of the function $z = f(x,y)$ is
6. $J_{-1/2}(x) = \dots\dots\dots$
7. A vector with zero divergence is called
8. For a scalar function F , $\text{Curl}(\text{grad } F) = \dots\dots\dots$
9. The function $f(x,y) = \frac{xy^2 - y^3}{yx^2 + xy^2}$ is a homogeneous function. (TRUE OR FALSE)
10. Rodrigue's formula for $P_n(x)$ is

II Write short notes/answers on any FIVE of the following

(5x2=10)

1. Expand $(1 + x)^m$ in ascending powers of x .
2. Verify Euler's theorem if $f = (ax + by)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
3. Solve $(x - 2y + 3)dx - (2x - y + 5)dy = 0$
4. Express $3x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 2$ in terms of Legendre polynomial
5. Solve $(D^2 - 4)y = \cos 3x$
6. Find $\text{Curl } f$ if $f = y^3 \vec{i} - z^2 \vec{j} + 2x^2 \vec{k}$ at $(1,1,1)$
7. Show that for any vector function F , $\text{div curl } F = 0$

III Write short answers on any FIVE

(5x4=20)

1. Find $J \begin{pmatrix} u,v,w \\ x,y,z \end{pmatrix}$ if $u = \frac{x}{y-z}$, $v = \frac{y}{z-x}$ and $w = \frac{z}{x-y}$
2. Find the maximum and minimum value of $f(x,y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x^2 - 15y^2 + 72x$
3. Solve $(xy^3 + y)dx + 2(x^2y^2 + x + y^4)dy = 0$
4. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = x^3$
5. Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^2 \log x$
6. Prove that $J_n(x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$ where n is a positive integer
7. Use Green's theorem to evaluate $\oint x^2y dx + y^3 dy$ where C is the closed path formed by $y = x$ & $y = x^3$ from $(0,0)$ to $(1,1)$

IV Write essay on any ONE

(1x10=10)

1. Verify Stoke's theorem for $f = (2x - y)\vec{i} - yz^2\vec{j} - y^2z\vec{k}$ where S is the upper half of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ & C is its boundary.
2. Solve by the method of variation of parameters $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = \frac{e^{2x}}{\sin x}$
