## KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY B.Tech. (Food Engineering) - 2011 Admission 1<sup>st</sup> Semester Final examination – February – March 2012

Cat. No: Fdsc 1101			Marks: 80
Title:	Food Science and Nutrition		Time : 3 hours
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ΙA	Fill up the blanks:		(5x1=5)

- Honey is better than sugar in confectionery industry because of its -----property.
- 2. The richest source of vitamin B<sub>1</sub> is ------
- 3. The PFA Act was passed in India in ------
- 4. Calcium requirement for a pregnant woman is ------
- 5. Pernicious anaemia is due to the deficiency of -----
- B. Define the following:

1.Haemosiderosis

2.Maillard reaction

3.Osteoporosis

4.Nutritional status

5. Phytonutrient

II Write short notes on any TEN

(10x3=30)

(5x1=5)

Physiological energy value of foods

2. Factors affecting quality of pulses

3. Role of vitamin E in food industry

4. Factors which influence the planning of meals for a family

5. RDA

6. Functions of thiamine and riboflavin

7. Parboiling and its advantages

8. Factors affecting gelatinization

9. Fluorosis

10. Functions and sources of ascorbic acid

11. Advantages & disadvantages of microwave cooking

12. Interrelationship between calcium. Phosphorus and vitamin D

III Write short essays on any SIX of the following:

(6x5=30)

- 1. What are the different methods of food preparation? Explain.
- Explain in detail the different packaging materials used in fruit and vegetable processing.
- 3. Write the importance of pulses in our daily diet.
- 4. Explain the functions and sources of vitamin A.
- 5. Discuss in detail Food laws and Food standards
- 6. Define food additives. Classify food additives citing suitable examples.
- 7. Expand HACCP and write its basic principles.
- 8. Explain briefly the causes and symptoms of nutritional anaemia.

IV Write an essay on any **ONE** of the following:

(1x10=10)

- 1. Define BMR. Explain the various factors which influence the BMR.
- 2. Discuss water under the following headlines:
  - a) Functions
  - b) Balance
  - c) Hormonal control
  - d) Water retention & depletion