

Appendix A

Cost Economics of developed Hydrodynamic Cavitation (HC) reactor system

| Cost of machineries | | |
|--|---|----------------|
| Cost of developed Hydrodynamic Cavitation (HC) reactor | = | Rs. 93,000/- |
| system | | |
| Building cost (100 m ²) | = | Rs. 2,00,000/- |
| Total Cost | = | Rs. 2,93,000/- |

Cost of raw materials and processing for the production 1 Litre cocoa mucilage wine

| Cost of cocoa mucilage | = | Rs. 310/L |
|---|---|------------|
| Sugar and fermentation aids | = | Rs. 40/Kg |
| Yeast culture (wine-grade) | = | Rs. 325/Kg |
| Processing & Fermentation Charge | = | Rs. 20/L |
| Premium packaging bottle and labelling & transportation | = | Rs. 55/L |
| Total production (1 litre mucilage + 1.5 litre water & 10 | = | Rs. 143/L |
| gram yeast) and packaging cost per litre | | |

Assumptions for conventional ageing of cocoa mucilage wine

| Barrel aging or inert container (Glass, stainless steel, or oak cask) | = | Rs. 15/L |
|--|---|-----------|
| Storage cost (space + care) ₹1000–1500/year/m ² → allocated per liter for | = | Rs. 40/L |
| 10 years | | |
| Evaporation (Assume 8–12% volume loss over 10 years) | = | Rs. 10/L |
| Labor & quality control (10 yrs) Monitoring, SO ₂ addition, testing, re- | = | Rs. 15/L |
| racking | | |
| Opportunity cost (capital) ROI on locked stock (5–8% annual return loss) | = | Rs. 25/L |
| Total cost for conventional ageing of cocoa mucilage wine | = | Rs. 105/L |

Assumptions for HC system

| Life span (L) | = | 10 years |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Annual working hours (H) | = | 275 days (per day 8 hours) = 2,200 hours |
| Salvage value (S) | = | 10% of initial cost |
| Interest on initial cost (i) | = | 15% annually |
| Repair and maintenance | = | 8% of initial cost |
| Insurance and taxes | = | 2% of initial cost |
| Electricity charges | = | Rs. 7/unit |
| Labour wages per person | = | Rs. 350/day |

| I. Total Fixed cost per day | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| i. | Depreciation | = | $\frac{C-S}{L\times H} = \frac{2,93,000 - 29,300}{10\times 2200} = Rs. 11.98/h$ |
| ii. | Interest | = | $\frac{C+S}{2} \times \frac{i}{H} = \frac{2,93,000+29300}{2}$ |
| | | | $\times \frac{15}{100 \times 2200} = Rs. 10.98/h$ |
| iii. | Insurance & taxes | = | $\frac{2}{100 \times 2200} \times 2,93,000 = 2.66/h$ |
| Total Fixe | ed Cost | = | $i + ii + iii = \frac{25.62}{h} = 204.96/day$ |
| II. Total Variable Cost per day | | | |
| i. | Repair & maintenance | = | $\frac{8}{100 \times 2200} \times 2,93,00 = Rs. 10.65/h$ |
| ii. | Electricity cost | = | 2.24 kWh |
| | a) Energy consumed by | | |
| | 1.5 Hp Pump | | Power \times duration \times cost of one unit |
| | b) Cost of energy | | $= 2.24 \times 8 \times 7 = 125.44/day$ |
| | consumption per day | | |
| iii. | Labour cost (1 person) | = | Rs. 500/day |
| Total vari | able cost | = | i + ii + iii += 10.65 + 125.44 + 500 + |
| | | | = Rs. 636.09/- |
| Therefore | e, total cost for production | = | Fixed Cost + Variable cost = $204.96 + 636.09$ |
| of 10 L of | f cocoa wine/day | | = Rs. 841.05/day |
| Processin | g cost of 1 L of cocoa wine | = | Rs. 84.105/L |

Cost of conventionally aged cocoa mucilage wine = Rs. 248/L

Cost of HC treated cocoa mucilage wine = 227.105/L

$$Benefit\ cost\ ratio = \frac{248}{227.105} = 1.09$$