

### **KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY** B.Tech.(Food Technology) 2022 Admission **II Semester Final Examination – September 2023**

## Pafe.1206

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### Food Thermodynamics (2+0)

Marks: 50 **Time: 2 hours** 

(10x1=10)

### Fill in the blanks

- Temperature scales work on ..... law of thermodynamics.
- 1. The area enclosed by a curve in a p-v diagram gives ..... 2.
- The net change in internal energy in a cycle will be always .....kJ. 3.
- 4.
- The process is reversible when the ..... and ..... returns to its initial state.
- 5. Work done in a constant volume process is .....
- A steam power plant works on ..... cycle. 6.
- 7. In Otto cycle, heat addition takes place at constant .....
- The difference between dry bulb temperature and wet bulb temperature is called as ..... 8.
- 9. The dryness fraction value for dry saturated steam is .....
- 10. In a psychrometric sensible heating process, the moisture content .....

### Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following

- 1. Write the relationship between internal energy and enthalpy.
- 2. Distinguish between intensive and extensive properties.
- 3. State the Kelvin-Planck statement of Second law of Thermodynamics.
- 4. Define available energy.
- 5. Sketch the p-v and T-s diagrams of a Carnot cycle.
- 6. List the processes of an ideal Brayton cycle.
- Sketch the process of heating and humidification in a simple psychrometric chart. 7

### Ш Answer ANY FIVE of the following.

- 1. Distinguish between open and closed systems. Give examples.
- At inlet to a certain nozzle, the fluid parameters are: enthalpy = 2850 kJ/kg, velocity = 50 m/s. 2. area =  $0.1 \text{ m}^2$  and specific volume =  $0.18 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ . At the discharge end, the enthalpy is 2650 kJ/kg and specific volume is 0.49 m<sup>3</sup>/kg. Calculate the velocity of fluid at exit from the nozzle.
- 3. A cylindrical vessel of 1 m diameter and 4 m length has hydrogen gas at a pressure of 100 kPa and 27°C. Determine the amount of heat to be supplied to increase the gas pressure to 125 kPa. For hydrogen, take  $c_p = 14.307 \frac{kJ}{kgK}$ ,  $c_v = 10.183 \frac{kJ}{kgK}$
- Prove the equivalence of Kelvin Planck and Clausius statements of the Second Law of 4. Thermodynamics.
- List the components of a vapor compression refrigeration system. Sketch the processes in a 5. p-h plane.
- 6. With a simple sketch, explain the working of a sling psychrometer.
- 7. The atmospheric air enters the adiabatic saturator at 33°C DBT and 23°C WBT. The barometric pressure is 740 mm of mercury. Determine the vapor pressure at 33°C.

(5x2=10)

# (5x4=20)

### Write an essay on ANY ONE of the following

(1x10=10)

A piston cylinder machine contains a fluid system which passes through a complete cycle of four processes. During a cycle, the sum of all heat transfers is -170 kJ. The system completes 100 cycles per minute. Complete the following table and compute the net rate of work output in kW.

Process	Q (kJ/min)	W (kJ/min)	$\Delta E (kJ/min)$
a – b	0	2170	?
b – c	21000	0	?
c – d	-2100	?	-36600
d-e	?	?	?

2. (a) Sketch the layout of an ideal steam power plant and indicate the different processes in the p-v and T-s diagrams.

(b) Highlight the change in the layout and T-s diagram when a reheater is added to the steam power plant.

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