

KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY B. Tech. (Agrl. Engg.) 2020 Admission IV Semester Final Examination – August 2022

Fpme.2207

State True or False

Thermodynamics and Automotive Engines (2+1)

A boundaries of a thermodynamic system can move.

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hours

(10x1=10)

	2.	The area under the p-V curve represents the heat transfer during a process.
	3.	Efficiency of a Carnot engine is 100 %.
	4.	Ignition system is not required in a diesel engine.
		Fill in the blanks
	5.	For an isothermal process the work transfer equals transfer.
	6.	For an adiabatic heating process the change in entropy of the system is
	7.	An ideal diesel engine cycle has heat addition process at constant
	8.	Ethylene glycol is added to engine coolant to avoid
		Choose the correct answer
	9.	Work transfer is a function. (path/point)
	10.	A rich fuel-air mixture has more (fuel/air) than stoichiometric proportion.
II		Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following (5x2=10)
	1.	Write down the first law of thermodynamics applied to a closed system.
	2.	Draw the p-V diagram for an isothermal expansion process. Clearly label the plot.
	3.	If the actual volume intaken in an engine is 1552 cc and the volumetric efficiency is 85%, calculate the stroke volume.
	4.	For an engine that develops 60 kW of power, what is the fuel consumption rate assuming a calorific value of 42 MJ/kg?
	5.	What is the function of the ignition coil in a petrol engine?
	6.	What are the desired properties of an engine lubricant?
	7.	State the conditions under which air-cooling of engines is suitable.
III		Answer ANY FIVE of the following (5x4=20)
	1.	State the Clausius inequality and apply it to a reversible cycle. Draw schematics and diagrams clearly.
	2.	Show that the violation of the Kelvin-Planck statement of the second law of thermodynamics will violate the Clausius statement.
	3.	Draw the p-V and T-s diagram from an air-standard diesel cycle and derive the expression for the efficiency.
	4.	What are the components of a carburetor? Draw a simple carburetor and label clearly.
	5.	Explain the phenomenon of knocking in CI engines. State the remedies for avoiding it.
	6.	For an air standard diesel engine cycle with $\gamma = 1.4$, with a compression ratio of 8 and expansion ratio of 5, calculate the air standard efficiency and the peak temperature
	7.	assuming the lower pressure as 1 bar. An engine with 0.08 kg/s air consumption operates at 1000 rpm. The fuel consumption is 0.06 g/s while the indicated power is 1 kW. The indicated thermal efficiency is 35% and
		mechanical efficiency is 85%. Calculate the brake power and heating value of the fuel.

IV Write an essay on ANY ONE of the following (1x10=10)

1. An engine with brake power of 3.68 kW with thermal efficiency of 30% and mechanical efficiency of 80%. The fuel can be assumed to have a calorific value of 42 MJ/kg with s.g=0.9. Calculate the specific fuel consumption, indicated specific fuel consumption and brake specific fuel consumption.

2. At the start of compression in an air-standard diesel engine cycle, the pressure is 1 bar and temperature 350 K. The compression ratio is 16 and the heat added is 900 kJ/kg. Calculate the quantities p, T at various points in the cycle
