KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY B.Tech (Agrl. Engg) 2008 Admission VIth Semester Final Examination – July 2011– August 2011

Lwre - 3206 Soil and Water Conservation Structures (2+1)

Max. Marks: 80 Time: 3.00 hours

I. Fill up the blanks

1. Hydrologic design of any structure involves the determination of the -----

2. Flow in a chute spillway is at ----- velocities

3. If flow is in uniform state, depth of flow ----- with-----

- 4.. A rapid change in depth of flow from high stage to low stage in open channel is known as -----
- 5. For a specified discharge, minimum specific momentum occurs at -----

Match the following

A

- 6. Specific force
- 7. Hydraulic jump
- 8. Sliding factor
- 9. Shear friction factor
- 10 Froude Number

Sequent depth Force per unit weight of water

B

 $\frac{\sum (w-u)f+AxS}{H}$

 $\frac{V_1}{\sqrt{gD_1}}$

 $\frac{\Sigma H}{\Sigma w-u}$

Alternate depth

Critical depth

(10x1=10)

II Answer any ten of the following

- 1. What are the components of a farm pond- explain
- The peak rate of runoff expected from the catchment area is 4m³/s. Assuming no temporary storage, find length of surplus weir, if the depth of flow over is not to exceed 0.75 m.
- 3. Write short note on anti seep collars
- 4. How overturning of the structure take place ? What is the precaution to be taken against overturning?
- 5. Write short note on the various parts of straight drop spillway.
- 6. What is the difference between sequent depth and alternate depth ?
- If flow through a triangular channel is 2.83 m³/s, then calculate depth of flow, side slopes is 1:1
- Draw specific energy diagram for open channel flow, for a given discharge and mark alternate depths on it.
- 9. What are the important points to be considered while selecting site for a farm pond?
- 10. What are the forces acting on a gravity dam?
- 11. Differentiate between uniform and non uniform state of flow conditions
- 12. Where we use drop inlet spillway? Explain.

(10x3=30)

III Write short essays on any six of the following

1. What are the structural parts of a drop spillway? Explain structural design procedure

2. Write short note on classification of open channel flow.

3 A discharge of 16 m^3 /s flows with a depth of 2m in a rectangular channel 4m wide. At a downstream section, the width is reduced to 3.5m and the channel bed is raised by 0.2m. Analyse the change in water surface elevation.

- How can you calculate the free flow capacity of drop spillways
- Determine the capacity of a 762 mm diameter corrugated culvert 18.29 m long with a square edged entrance. Elevation of the inlet invert is 127.92 m and elevation of the outlet invert is 127.71 m. Head water elevation is 129.54 m and tail water elevation is 126.80 m.
- 6. Describe various types of hydraulic jump?
- What are the forces acting on the head wall of a straight drop spillway. How it is designed against these forces.
- 8. Describe the criterion for critical state of flow.

(6×5=30)

IV Answer any one of the following

1. Design a straight drop structure for gully control for the following conditions $Q = 3 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

H = 2 m Width available at site =2.5 m Unit wt. of brick masonry = 1900 Kg/m³

Angle of internal friction of soil $=25^{\circ}$

Cohesion resistance of the soil = 500 Kg/m^2

Foundation material is firm clay with Cw = 2.3

2. Explain the design procedure of chute spillway

(1x10=10)